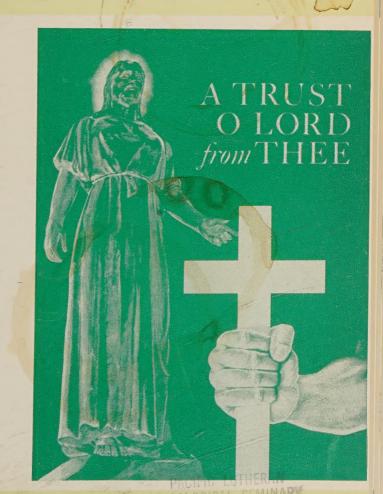
# The Church Chool Teacher



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GAZINE FOR CHURCH SCHOOL WORKERS

# THE CHURCH SCHOOL TEACHER

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JUST A FEW WORDS .....

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## he Church School Teacher

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MARCH 1955

No. 3

### ust a Few Words

By THE EDITOR

TERE they are—your quarterly "Helps" articles. And we do pe they will help you.

Many of you say they are helpl. And some of you are telling us that the articles form the basis for our monthly Sunday school teachis' meetings. A superintendent in twa said: "Our Sunday school has perienced a revolution since we arted your plan for monthly e e tings. The teachers attend ery time. I think it is the departental meetings that do the trick!" or a tested meeting plan see The HURCH SCHOOL TEACHER, Noember, 1954, page 20.

At Triple T schools the queson frequently is asked: "How can be get discipline?" It is a valid destion and needs a forthright anover. So, when an article like Elsie

Lindgren's "Discipline" comes ong, we are mighty eager to have ou read it. Teachers of kinderarten especially will welcome the article for its specific helps; other teachers for its insight and stimulation to good teaching.

We have not said much about our Sunday s c h o o l story papers lately. We should, for they are on their way to become the best papers published by a n y denomination. More important, however, is that the papers are tailor-made for our own curriculum. If y o u r church s c h o o l is not subscribing, you should ask, "Why not?"

You should ask "Why not?" because every means possible is needed if you are to help your church's children and young people grow in grace. The hour in Sunday school is important. But linking the Sunday school hour to the home is vital. The Augustana story papers for any given Sunday are built around the same subjects as the Christian Growth Series Sunday school lessons for that day. They help teachers link Sunday school and home.

Here are the facts and figures. The Sunday school paper for the children through Primary Department is entitled 'til 8 STORIES. It sells for 80c per year, single subscription; five or more subscriptions, 65c each.

Junior LIFE for fourth, fifth, and sixth graders sells for the same price. TEEN TALK for grades seven through twelve costs \$1.15 for the single subscription; five or

more, 90c each.

If you wish to have the papers sent direct to the home—we think that is the best plan—pay the single subscription rate and let the Augustana Book Concern worry about the mailing.

#### Salesman for Neurosis

Years ago a salesman for loud speakers hatched an idea for increasing his sales. Mothers and babies have been growing neurotic ever since.

The idea was a "sound-proof" mother's room partitioned off at the rear or the side of the nave, so mothers of small babies could hold their crying children and at the same time see and hear the church service. For years some of our churches have been saddled with this unhappy arrangement.

A better plan is to have a nursery for babies and small children. Some of our Protestant churches e m ploy nurses for the Sunday morning hours; in some, mothers and other adults take care of the children. A nursery makes it possible for parents to teach Sunda school or to attend an adult Sunday school class. A nursery make it possible for the parents to actually participate in the worship serices without the distractions of the mother's rooms. If you are planning a new church, beware of the mother's room salesman.

#### Cinerama

High-powered advertising leave me cold. It seems to me that the is little relationship these days be tween the advertising copy and the product. That's why I didn't per much attention to what I read an heard a bout the motion picture. "Cinerama." So I was pleasant surprised when I saw the picture In fact I wanted to do what friend of mine said he had the ur to do—get up and cheer. Anothe friend said, "This is a picture a should recommend to all families our Church."

All families can not see it, ho ever, because it won't be coming every home town. I am told the it costs approximately \$100,000. to equip a theater with all of the projectors and sound equipment necessary to show "Cinerams But by all means see it if you to one of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the company of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the company of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Washington, Cincinnati, Dlas, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Chicago, St. Louis, San France of the cities where it is ing shown—New York, Philad phia, Chicago, San France of the cities where it is

sco, Los Angeles, Pittsburgh, Iinneapolis, Boston, Detroit, and Iontreal.

After the evening I spent in Cinama actually flying by plane ross the United States, vacationg in Florida, having an evening the La Scala opera, riding in a andola on Venice's canals and aring a magnificent choir sing "A lighty Fortress," I could only ank God for the wonderful orld He has given us and humbly k Him to help me live in it to is glory.

#### A Good Book

Miss Swanson of our staff has st handed me a review of a new ok by A. H. Jahsmann entitled, reaching Little Amalee Jane." concordia Publishing House has inted it, Miss Swanson writes:

"This booklet, centering around malee Jane and her teacher, Mrs. Illsbury, might well be used as a usic course of instruction for fure teachers of Nursery, Beginers and Primary children.

"The first three chapters are concerned with Amalee Jane and incorporate child psychology, the laws of learning and the content of teaching as related to Christian education.

"We become acquainted with Mrs. Allsbury in Chapters 4, 5, and 6 which outline a teacher's qualifications, the importance of adequate preparation and proper methods. Equipment, organization and church-home co-operation are also discussed.

"The two final chapters deal with procedures for pre-session and the class period.

"The style of writing is delightful: very readable and interestingly done."

#### A Vacation Plan

Would you like a suggestion for next summer's vacation? Go to Cleveland, Ohio, July 27-31 for the National Sunday School Convention. I will gladly send a descriptive folder to all interested.



## Discipline!!

By ELSIE S. LINDGRE

HOW often have we cried out in anguish, "What shall I do? The children in my class just won't listen!"

Of course children aren't just a pair of ears! But it is so easy to forget that a child must also see, touch, smell, taste, and always, always be "doing something!" When we remember, we begin to find many of the answers to disciplinary troubles.

For then we become alerted to the need for gathering much illustrative material—a he a d of time! For each lesson, we hunt up pictures to tell the story; we plan to show the sequence of events on the flannel board with colorful figures -or in dioramas on the work table: we plant real seeds in real flower pots, make snow men on a metal tray, use a magnifying glass to view the marvellous structure of a snow flake-or petal-or butterfly's wing! Real interest is stimulated and meaningful questions are asked by the children who remember the reply because it is an answer to a truly felt need!

Handwork projects now become more than just something to fill in the time before dismissal, or before lesson time. If planned with care, they help a child experience the thought of the lesson and the become home reminders of the lesson's goal.

Often simple fingerplays dramatizations with home ma costumes make the single lesson a group of lessons a real life e perience, pointing up a child awareness of his relationship to o Heavenly Father and our Savid Jesus. The lesson is no longer story only, but a true part of the learner.

For it is through activity, a the use of all the senses, that G has planned for children to lear Only if we acknowledge and f fill His plan by using our tale and ingenuity, can we be re teachers!

#### The Unexpected

Yet there are bound to be unpected storms, sometimes a harover from an unsettled emotion upset at home. Teachers who

Elsie (Mrs. Theodore) Lindgralong with her deacon husband at twelve-year-old son, is a member First Lutheran of Montclair, New I sey. Formerly a teacher of kinderg ten in New York City, Mrs. Lindgnow teaches and supervises in church school. She also writes poand articles for such magazines "Jack and Jill," "Child Life," and Augustana Sunday school story pap

ady, and on deck early to greet ch arrival with a relaxed smile welcome, can set the right emoonal (as well as physical) enronment for a successful learning riod. The shy child is put at se. The self-deprecating is given task within his ability, to bolster his ego, the unhappy child is on over by being permitted some ecial little privilege, and a feelg of Christian love and fellowip opens the hearts and the minds. Ill are eager to co-operate in the tivity of learning!

Among the Nursery and children Beginner and Primary classes a nique type of crisis of ten arises. Inddenly, when everyone seems aborbed in some story or handwork tivity, one child discovers he can roduce a fine little noise with feet, st, crayon, or whatever. His deghted discovery spreads faster an firecrackers on a string! What fun! But how disruptive to be even course of the lesson!

Do you have a solution for this roblem? Some Kindergartners the "gartner" is the teacher of the Kinder," the children. Editor.) have learned to ignore the noisy account and to set up a counter bid the lost attention. They begin the popular little fingerplay, "Let our hands so lightly clap, clap, ap..." A few join. Then a few ore. Soon everyone has forgotten the silly noisemaking and is busily aggred in the fingerplay. In the

quiet moment at the end, the lesson is resumed as if there had been no interruption, with special care to see that the instigator is really once more absorbed in his constructive activity! Fingerplays are unmatched for breaking up the tedium of any prolonged activity. Little tots have infinitesimal attention spans, and many a piece of simple handwork taxes it. A finger play can point up the meaning of the work and break up the time so that interest continues all through the activity.

#### Another Technique

Older children, too, sometimes go "out of control." But their excitement is a more conscious product of willfulness. Some teachers. at such a point, simply rise, indicating to the class that they are expected to rise too. Then folding her hands before the children's curious eyes, she prays softly but clearly for the Lord to guide the class back to an attentive spirit, and a loving heart. Without further comment, she sits and the class follows her lead. The class is ready for normal Church School procedure again!

"Problem children" are usually starving children, who somehow have not been a ble to fill their spirits from the great fountains of Love. Not condemnation but a sympathetic (and not obvious!) awareness of their needs and a spe-

cial effort to meet each unique situation can be the only approach. A visit with the family will often help in understanding the deviations. And a talk with our pastor can give the situation a hopeful new perspective!

Discipline? We've found some of the answers. They all add up to a new alertness and more thoughtful preparation!

But mainly we find ourselves coming more often to God, praying for His blessing on each pupil as we mention him by name. W grow increasingly grateful to ou Heavenly Father for the privileg of working with each special per sonality, and ask for His guidance that our love and understanding be adequate! Especially do we as that the power of the Holy Spirit might fill us, for tackling the problems of discipline is a humblin experience and we learn that it indeed not ourselves, but the power from God within us that can accomplish His Will among us.



# Evaluate Your Teaching in Terms of the Learner

By MARIE SHUPE

THERE are various ways to look at teaching to judge its ffectiveness. Clear, definite goals, ight use of materials, and wise section and use of methods are all points against which teachers must ontinuously check their teaching.

Perhaps the ultimate test of the ffectiveness of teaching is in terms of the desired learning that results. This directs our attention to the earner and what happens to him a result of our teaching.

A teacher must know many nings about his pupils and on the asis of this knowledge make learning interesting, vital, challenging.

#### **Age Group Differences**

Although there is no set pattern which children conform in their rowth and development, they do ave general traits which are more r less common to a given age roup. It is important that a eacher takes into account these

common characteristics of the class he is to teach. The wider the agespan within a class, the more difficult this becomes.

One question a teacher must learn to ask himself is this: "Is my class ready for this lesson as I plan to teach it? Have I brought it within the interests, needs, and abilities of this age group?"

#### **Individual Differences**

Each person in any given class is an individual with his own distinctive personality. There is no other person in the world exactly like him. To become aware of this fact is a first step toward better teaching. To understand something of the individual differences within a group and realize that the members of this group cannot all be treated alike is a close second.

In any class of any age there will likely be at least one brilliant

child and one slow learner, with the others falling somewhere in between. There may be the full range from the timid child who prefers not to talk at all to the over-aggressive one who would like to talk all the time. There is the well-adjusted, co-operative child who is eager to try anything that the teacher suggests and at the other end of the line is the inattentive, listless one who seems bored and indifferent to what is going on. How can a teacher plan a session that makes learning "interesting, vital, and challenging" in the face of such a situation?

In addition, there is the whole matter of home background to consider. Tommy was baptized when a baby and has grown up in the spiritual atmosphere of a truly Christian home. Mary's spiritual background is the exact opposite of Tommy's, yet they may sit side by side in your class. Under such different conditions of soil and climate, how to plant and cultivate the seed of the Word of God that it may bring forth fruit is the challenge that every church school teacher must meet.

Teaching is an individual process, a personal matter between two individuals, teacher and learner. Each member of your class is a *person* first, then a *learner*. Only as the importance of persons as individuals is recognized

can a friendly, happy, personal relationship, so essential to effective teaching, be established betwee teacher and pupil.

Adjustment to the learner must be taken into account at two stage of one's work as a teacher.

- I. As you write your sessio plan think of your class-their ag needs, interests, and abilities. Bu more specifically, think of Bill and how you will reach and teac him. What is his particular need interest, and ability? What ca you do at each step in the sessio to help him grow in Christia knowledge, faith, and life? Ho can you give him an opportunit to express himself in the way that is best suited to strengthen h faith, personality, and character Consider your session plan spec fically in terms of Billy. The think of each child in turn in similar fashion and finally as vo build your session plan, make it composite to include the needs the entire class.
- 2. As soon as possible aft teaching a lesson, think back of what actually happened in class and ask yourself, "Where in the carrying out of my session plan d I succeed, and why?" Your answers we provide the key to your self-evalution and to your subsequent grow toward becoming a more effectiteacher.

## The Value of Reading to Children

By RUTH PECK McLEOD National Kindergarten Association

HOW can you remember all of the characters in David "opperfield?" said a high school udent to her chum.

"Because when I was a child ather read aloud almost every wening while Mother sewed, and wing English he selected many of Dickens' books," the girl replied.

#### **Brings Out Beauty**

One of the best methods of educating a child in an entertaining ashion is to read aloud to him regularly. Nothing brings out the reauty of literature more than earing it read by some good reader. A former teacher, now lind, told me the other day that he had never really appreciated certain masterpieces until he had heard them read aloud through the "talking books." He confessed that he ad skimmed over a great part of the books when he had his eyesight.

Hearing good literature read makes an indelible impression upon the young child. The parents mould begin with simple stories and gradually work up to the more dvanced reading. One young nother I know, well-trained in

child development methods, was convinced that by reading stories to her three boys every night they would be greatly helped in writing compositions. The boys made scrapbooks with appropriate pictures to illustrate some of the stories she had read.

We adults know that frequently new words come to our minds seemingly by magic, but we can usually trace them to some speaker or some commentator who has used them. Hearing new words pronounced correctly is of far more value to us than merely reading them, for all too often we do not take the time to look up the correct pronunciation.

#### **Builds Vocabulary**

There is no better way to build a child's vocabulary than by reading aloud to him. He hears a new word, asks the meaning, and soon that word is fixed in his mind. Every parent should be extremely patient about this, answering all inquiries, if the child is to reap the full benefit of the reading.

The child who has been in the habit of hearing stories read aloud

at home makes the more attentive, alert listener at school. Without realizing it, children retain certain phrases and eloquent passages from the various gems of literature they have heard. Have not we adults at times been astonished to find that we could quote poetry or prose learned while very young and of which we had not thought since childhood? It is the knowledge acquired at an early age that really remains with us through the years and to maturity.

#### Hearing the Classics

Some people at first ridiculed Charles Laughton's assertion that the public would enjoy having books read aloud to them. However, his numerous engagements and the packed houses that followed were proof that people delight in hearing the Bible, Shakespeare and other immortal classics

read aloud to them, especially by a great artist.

#### Conversation Pieces

Where there are several children in a family, interesting discussions about various stories arise at the table or when out riding. At such times parents have the opportunity of telling facts about the authors relating how many of their books are based on actual happenings.

If a child thinks he would like to pursue so me particular profession, he will enjoy hearing articles on related topics, such as astronomy, chemistry, and architecture Parents will be amazed at the ease with which a youngster will master technical terms when he is interested in a certain subject. There can be no better preparation for a child's success in almost any vocation than by taking the time to read aloud material that appeals to him.



# Helps for Teachers of Beginners

Christian Growth Series, Beginners II, Third Quarter

There was a child went forth one day

To learn of God.

To the place called the house of

God he went,

or a certain hour one day in seven.

And that hour became a part of him for all the years stretching ahead.

The teacher's smile became a part

of the child,

The look of understanding in her eyes and the welcome in her voice,

The love of her for God and for

little children-

All these became a part of the child.

THIS bit of philosophy, appearing on page five of our Teacher's Guide, makes us aware of our responsibility as teachers. It chalenges us to such preparation that he look of understanding in our eyes and the welcome in our voice will be evident rather than the distress of unpreparedness which eems to say, "I don't know what o do."

So as we begin the second half of the year let us resolve to use available resources to help us become *prepared* teachers.

#### "Thoughts and Plans"

We have a Teacher's Guide with material that is very well organized. An excellent explanation of the various types of activities included in each lesson plan is found on pages 6-8. It will not be necessary for us to use all the various suggestions nor to follow the order given, but the material is there for us to evaluate and rearrange to fit our plans. The section "Thoughts and Plans" in each lesson plan gives us insights on understanding children, how best to present the Bible story to them and how to relate its lesson to Christian living. The suggestions for pre-session activities titled "As the Children Come," usually outline some motivational device to secure interest in the day's lesson. We should make use of these suggestions and begin our teaching when the children arrive.

#### Aids to Teaching

At least three other available teaching aids should be studied along with our Teacher's Guide. First, a good Bible story book to help us with our story telling. We again recommend Marian's Big Book of Bible Stories by Marian

Schoolland; also the Christian Growth Series picture sets. We must consult the guide which was outlined to help us correlate them with our teaching plans. And, "God's Children Everywhere"—the Beginner-Primary missionary packet, which provides specific help in integrating mission study with our regular lessons. It can be ordered from the Women's Missionary Society, 3939 Pine Grove Ave., Chicago 13. Ill.

Before we make plans for each unit, let us think of the quarter as a whole. The first three lessons complete the unit, "Jesus, the Children's Friend" which was begun last quarter. The second unit, "Helping Jesus Where We Live," seeks to encourage growth in Christian living, the third desired outcome of our curriculum. Lastly, "A Bible Boy," the story of Timothy, gives help in guiding growth in Christian faith, the second desired out come of the Christian Growth Series.

To refresh our memories, let's read the desired outcomes of the curriculum—page four of the Teacher's Guide. As we consider the lesson aims we need to think in terms of these general aims. Each lesson usually has two aims. The more obvious one is to acquaint our children with Bible stories and truths, but the more important one is to help them make these truths effective in their lives. As we study

each Biblical basis, let us determine the reason for using that story with our fours and fives. We need to evaluate the aims as stated in the Teacher's Guide and, if necessary restate them to meet our local needs more adequately.

#### Unit A

If the suggestion given in the December Church School Teacher has been followed we must get back on schedule. The review outlined under the caption "Story Time" and "Activity" in Lesson 3 will make that possible Using it on April 17, as a culmination of the unit, we can incorporate Lesson 2 which we will mis because of special Easter observances.

For this review it would be we to mount the leaflet pictures for Lessons 9, 11, 12 and 13 of the second quarter and 1 and 2 of the quarter. Substitute a picture of the Feeding of the Five Thousand for the one on the leaflet for Lesson 10. The leaflet for Lesson 5 of the first quarter of Beginners I has such a picture.

#### Unit B

Unit B is probably the moss practical one of our curriculum Such concepts as self-control, consideration of others and a respet for their belongings, the idea good neighborliness and sharing are used "to help the beginness"

rasp the idea of Christian service others." It closes with a lesson n the Christian attitude toward unday.

Pre-session suggestions for this init, in addition to those in the cacher's Guide, might include: istening to stories from books with short texts:

"If Jesus Came to My House"

—Thomas

"Growing Pains"—Taylor
"With My Whole Heart"—
Heron

"Davie Decides"—Andrews Reviewing previous lessons by usng:

Cork figures made as described on pages 27-28 of the guide.

Flannelgraphs, secured commercially or made from unused leaflet pictures.

The lessons of this unit should ead our children to understand hat they can serve Jesus, in various ways, wherever they are. The nemory verses have been chosen with that in mind. In teaching nemory verses we should, if possible, incorporate the m naturally into our story telling, discussions and conversations, rather than eaching them by rote without conection with the rest of the lesson. The stories will give meaning to the memory verses.

A variety of activity suggestions re included in each lesson plan. Perhaps we will find, in evaluating them, that some may be more effectively used during pre-session than following story time.

Discussions such as those suggested under the caption "Picture Time" would be good summaries of each lesson. For variety, let's have an occasional visit to the picture gallery as described on pages 39-40. The children will love it!

#### Unit C

The lessons of this unit aim "to lead the beginners to want to serve Jesus as Timothy did." The memory verses contain the substance of the application aim of each lesson, emphasizing knowing and living the Bible and telling others about Jesus. The leaflet stories, though based on fact, are largely imaginary since only little is known concerning Timothy.

Unit B emphasizes Christian service in daily life, but this unit gives us an opportunity to discuss some special areas of service; for example, the work of pastors, deaconesses and missionaries. Notice the supplementary story on page 60 of the Teacher's Guide.

The excellent lesson outlines of this unit give definite suggestions for procedures and activities to help us lead our children "to want to serve Jesus."

#### And a Reminder

Although based on Bible teachings, most of the leaflet stories of this quarter are stories of child life

which bring the lesson truths close to our children's everyday living. It would be well to use a Bible story in class and leave the leaflet story to be used by parents as a follow-up on concepts which we introduce. We must check each leaflet's note to parents. If the Biblical basis of the day's lesson is not

given, we should include it and talk about it in our summarizing discussion.

May we prepare each lesson of this quarter so thoroughly that we can approach our classes with attitudes which bespeak of our "love for God and for little children."



## Helps for Primary Teachers

Ihristian Growth Series, Primary II, Third Quarter

coach goes into a huddle with is team. There is a critical evalution of the plays of the first half and a definite outlining of strategy or the remainder of the game. From that huddle emerges a team which, because of well laid plans, night well drive on to victory. Indents such as this have been common occurrences at recent ball ames throughout the country.

We are at that point now in our nurch school year. Time between alves — time for evaluation and me for advance planning. So, rimary teachers, let's get into a

uddle.

What have we done during the rst half?

We have acquainted our chilren with the kind of living deribed in the Bible including life and customs of the people and the cography of the land. We have used the Christmas stories to develop a sense of nearness to God at any time in any place.

In our advance planning we'll consider only the third quarter now. So, what are we going to do and how are we going to do it?

We will have a simple study of church history and one of Bible pictures. The section, "Guidance for Teachers," in our guide has this significant advice: "well in advance of teaching the first lesson the teacher should make a thorough survey of all the material found in the Teacher's Guide and the leaflets." We would add to that: "explore other available resources." However, we will hasten to concur with another suggestion, also appearing in our guide, "no plans can adequately meet the needs of all groups in all Sunday Schools." Therefore, we must get into a huddle and plan our own "strategy," if we wish to call it such, by adapting the wealth of material we have been given in each of the lesson plans.

#### Unit A

Unit A, "How the Church Grew." is a continuation of Unit C of last quarter. However, in order to get back on the beam, which we left to have an Easter service, we will need to combine lessons I and 2. (See December CHURCH SCHOOL TEACHER) This will not be difficult because the stories follow in Biblical chronology and may be woven into one very easily. This unit is not only a study of the development of the early Christian church but also a study of evangelism: home, foreign and social missions. The aims of these lessons are such that we have a great opportunity to challenge the primary children to take part in the missionary program of the church. Who knows? We may be teaching future missionaries!

In order that we, as primary teachers, will be able to help our children to a better understanding of the subject of this unit, we need to add to our own information and to bring it up to date. The following resources will be good additions to the excellent outlines in our guide.

I. The film, "Fire Upon the Earth," and the filmstrip, "The Story of the Christian Church,"

each give a quick review of church history of the past twenty cen turies. Both are available from ou Audio-Visual Service.

2. Up-to-date information con cerning the various phases of ou church's missionary program:

a. Augustana Overseas, 195. is a résumé of our foreign mis sion work. In it we will als find a list of other available resources for teaching and present ing foreign missions.

b. See, a pictorial folde which tells the story of American missions. It and variou other materials concerning the work of American missions cabe secured by writing the Boar of American Missions.

c. Several conferences and local are as maintain institution such as, children's homes, home for aged and hospitals. Our partors may have information concerning them or we may write directly to those institutions.

3. God's Children Everywhen—the beginners-primary missionar packet, gives help in integratin our mission study and worshi services with our lesson material.

Then, the materials listed below can be used with the children:

I. The book, Good News to Tell, by Taylor is the story of the beginnings of the church, written for the primary children.

2. The filmstrip, "Be a Mission ary," presents a home mission cha

enge. There is an accompanying pript, but we may wish to do our win narrating.

3. Pictures.

a. Christian Growth Series Picture Sets.

We should consult the guide accompanying each set for proper correlation with the lesson material.

b. Bulletin board displays relating to different areas of missionary activity using h u m a n interest pictures sent from the various fields, foreign, American and local, can be arranged.

The memory work for this unit hould include the Third Article of the Creed. "I believe in the holy Christian Church, the Communion of Saints" can be appropriately discussed and explained at this time.

We have a wide range of activities to correlate with e a c h lesson, but most of them are suggestions or handwork. We need also to emphasize other types of activity such as sharing and local evangelsm, which could be continued throughout and beyond this unit. (See suggestions pages 27 and 32)

#### Unit B

"Bible Pictures" is a series of picture studies; however, unless we also emphasize the application aim of the lesson we will merely develop an appreciation of the beauty of some artist's conception of a Bible story. We must be constantly

alert to every opportunity we have to make application to the child's everyday life.

The book, Christ and the Fine Arts, by Cynthia Pearl Maus has excellent interpretations of the following pictures which we study in Unit B: Sistine Madonna, The Workshop at Nazareth, Healing the Sick Child, Christ in Gethsemane.

The following pictures from the Christian Growth Series sets are applicable and can be used with the stories included in this unit:

Lesson 8—B I No. 15, P I No. 2, P II No. 1

Lesson 9—P I No. 4, P II No. 7

Lesson 10—B II No. 3 Lesson 11—B II No. 10 Lesson 12—P I No. 7, P II No. 12

Lesson 13—P III No. 17
Again, as with Unit A, the guide gives a variety of activity suggestions including some of a missionary nature. We should check God's Children Everywhere for

We need to use each opportunity we have to make church-home contact. We may plan to adapt the review of this unit as described on page 64 and use it as a sharing session with the parents as guests.

proper integration.

When we leave our department huddle, each of us will go on studying, planning and adapting each of the thirteen lessons of this quarter, fully aware of the fact that it will take time and effort but convinced also that the Christian growth accruing in the lives of boys and girls will repay us for the extra trouble involved in such adaptations.

### There is a Man on The Cross

Whenever there is silence around me By day or by night-I am startled by a cry. It came down from the cross-The first time I heard it. I went out and searched-And found a man in the throes of crucifixion, And I said, "I will take you down," And I tried to take the nails out of his feet. But he said, "Let them be For I cannot be taken down Until every man, every woman, and every child Come together to take me down." And I said, "But I cannot hear you cry. What can I do?" And he said, "Go about the world-Tell everyone that you meet-There is a man on the cross."

ELIZABETH CHENEY
—from "Christ in Poetry"

# Helps for Teachers of Intermediates

Thristian Growth Series, Intermediate II, Third Quarter

URING the past six months the Intermediates have been tudying "What's in the Old Tesament." Through it they have een God's patient dealings with is sinful people, and the gradual infolding of his plan for mankind's edemption. That plan of redemption was completed when Jesus ame, lived, died, and rose again.

The second quarter ended with the assertion that the world needs Redeemer. The third quarter, How Old Am I?, begins with the ssurance that Christ is that Releemer, and He leads us always. Caster carries this message of hope for our world. We are old enough to follow his leadership and live a wholesome, witnessing, Christian iffe—one that can help bring this

The author suggests that lesson be taught on Easter Sunday if Easter comes after the quarter becins. Therefore this year the Intermediates should study lesson 2, 'How Old Am I, and What Am Becoming?'', on April 3, and lesson 1 on April 10. That order will also be followed in the Teen Talk

Sunday school papers which correlate with the lessons. This rearrangement will not destroy any continuity of thought. Rather it can strengthen our approach to this vital quarter.

And a vital quarter this is! Everyone today seems concerned about the teen-agers of America. Juvenile delinquency is alarming. The church is losing thousands of youth each year. Actually many of these were lost before Confirmation, although they outwardly went through the service of Confirmation. We teachers of Intermediates must realize our responsibility for helping these early adolescents relate the great religious truths of the Bible to their everyday life.

If you have not seen the sound filmstrip, Teaching the Bible to High School Youth, ask your Sunday school superintendent to secure it for the next teachers meeting. Also, secure a copy of the 271-page book, Better Ways of Growing Up, by Crawford and Woodward. Both are excellent aids to any adult working with today's youth.

To help you better understand

the Intermediates themselves, as well as children of other ages, we recommend the sound filmstrip, As the Twig Is Bent,1 and the 95-page booklet, Understanding Our Pupils.2 by Haker. Any other resource on child development or the psychology of adolescence would be helpful. The health textbooks which your pupils are studying in school, such as You're Growing Up and Into Your Teens, by Schacter, Jenkins, and Bauer (published by Scott, Foresman, and Company) can also help you achieve this purpose.

A glance at the contents page of our new quarterly shows us that these thirteen lessons are not divided into units. All are planned to accomplish the aim as stated on page 5 of the Teacher's Guide:

1. To help the intermediates face in a Christian way the problems of change which confront them because of their growth and circumstances.

2. To guide intermediates in growth that will help them maintain "Christian poise or adjustment in a continuously changing world."

In the missionary correlation material, Christian Growth Through Sharing, Intermediate II,3 three units of study are outlined which we may follow in our teaching. Lessons 1-4 concern intermediates "In the Home." Lessons 5-10 help pupils understand themselves "Among Good

Friends." The last three lesson help in "Preparing for the Future."

### Lessons 1-4 "In the Home"

These lessons should help u realize that Jesus leads us in ou homes as we adjust from the dependent-on-parents status of child hood to the becoming-grown-up and-independent status of adoles cence.

Many families have successfully experimented with family councils. Through this the children help make decisions about social activities, money, clothes, television programs, household responsibilities late hours, and many other matter of family living. They also discus and decide together the time and plans for their family worship Sunday school lessons provide logical themes and texts for family devotions.

Intermediates should also be developing independent methods for private devotions. The section "Courage, Wisdom, Strength," of the *Teen Talk* Sunday school papers provides just the help neede as the Intermediates develop their habits of personal daily devotions.

## Lessons 5-10 "Among Good Friends"

Just as Jesus is with us as we adjust to a new status in our home: He is with us as we adjust to the more exciting social life of an add scent. Intermediates are growing at of the period of life when their cial life and playmates were sected by their families. Now they e choosing their own friends and the being chosen as other people's iends. Their ability to make bod friends is no doubt one of the most important things in the corld" to the pupils we are teaching. We must help them know that Christ can help them in this ljustment.

Our text is a wonderful help to so and to our pupils. Many public chool texts are also helpful. Teachers should plan to have a copy of the pupils' public school realth text in class when lesson 5 introduced. Not only will it help them all understand their growth retter, but it will help relate the chool studies to Christianity.

#### **Balanced Living**

The book, Better Ways of Growing Up, by Crawford and Voodward, may be introduced to he pupils toward the close of this esson on balanced living. The eacher may read one or two of the most applicable self-checks and how the pupils the book that is being added to the library. Another id is the 5-cent mimeographed tudy by Gerald K. Johnson, "Beause God Made You," which the Augustana Board of Youth Activities distributes. Most ninth graders will be interested in these re-

sources, but many seventh and eighth graders may not be ready for them yet. Nevertheless, they should be accessible and introduced with this quarter, although some of the pupils may not read them for another year or so.

#### Christian Stewardship

Beginning with lesson 7, the main emphasis is on Christian stewardship. Stewardship of money, time, and talents are all considered. The new booklet, "My Stewardship Account,"2 reviewed in the November, 1954, CHURCH SCHOOL TEACHER, should be given to all intermediates who do not already have one or who have not already outgrown it. It is selling at 15 cents each or \$1.50 a dozen. For the more mature intermediates, the plan outlined in the booklet, "Living High in High School,"4 may be more practical. Our study books outline plans for pupils to follow as they record their stewardship of money, time, and talents. Perhaps some pupils would rather make their own personal account book, while others would prefer using "My Stewardship Account." Either way, each pupil should be urged to develop a satisfactory plan for keeping account of his stewardship for a reasonable period of time.

Lesson 9 concerns good times with friends. Our churches must provide opportunity for intermediates to have fun with each other.

If you already have a Confirmation League or frequent parties for the intermediates, evaluate them with the class during this session. Help the pupils know how they can have good times at them as well as at school affairs. If your church has no social activities for your pupils, plan to have one soon.

The Board of Youth Activities distributes these and other helps for organizing and conducting Leagues: "Confirmation Leagues." 10c: "Group Games," 5c; and "Games for Young People," 35c.4

#### Lessons 11-13 "Preparing for the Future"

The aims of the rest of the lessons are identical with one of the chief purposes of the Luther League. As you study lessons 11 and 12, stress the importance of school now as a place of Christian service and stewardship as well as a place to prepare for continued Christian service. An aid for this is the booklet, "Living High in High School"4 @ 35c or 3 for \$1). It could be given to pupils as gifts upon graduation from eighth grade or junior high school.

The 20-minute colored filmstrip with recordings, "Who Will Go?" or "A Job for Judy,"1 (each renting for \$2.50) recommended for Confirmation Class Teachers in the December, 1954, Church Schoo TEACHER, could be shown at th League meeting or class get-to gether during June. Either shoul create interest in the Luthe League as well as help pupils pre pare for future vocations.

Carl Sandgren's booklet, "Thi Is Your Church."2 gives informa tion about our church colleges an missions which is needed with les

sons II and I2

#### Missionary Education

Christian Growth Throug Sharing, Intermediate II.3 also wil add to these two lessons by givin information about our various mis sion schools. The fine worshi services and suggestions for mis sionary study which go with eac of the units should help us know that just as Jesus is with us as w are growing out of childhood, H is with other individuals, every where. He wants them, as well a us, to follow Him.

<sup>2</sup> Available for purchase from Augus tana Book Concern, Rock Island, Ill nois.

<sup>8</sup> Available for purchase from Women Missionary Society, 3939 Pine Grov

Avenue, Chicago 13, Illinois. Available from Augustana Board of Youth Activities, 2445 Park Avenu

Minneapolis 4, Minnesota.

Available for rental or purchase from the Audio-Visual Service, 2445 Par Avenue, Minneapolis 4, Minnesota.

## Helps for Teachers of Juniors

hristian Growth Series, Junior II, Third Quarter

O DOUBT by now all of the juniors have been introduced the Catechism. They've studied arts of it in connection with other marters of the Christian Growth ries, and in Vacation Church chool. But this is the one quarter hen they study it as a book-the ok which Martin Luther wrote er 400 years ago to help people nderstand the truths of the Bible. Each pupil should have a copy of e Catechism for this quarter as sell as for future use. Copies of e version your pastor uses for his infirmation classes should be seired for each junior. Thereafter, e pupils should use these whener their lessons refer to the Cateiism.

Since many juniors are already miliar with the Catechism, much the conversation in the Study book might seem juvenile to them. herefore, better than going rough the Study Book word for lord, the teacher should use it and the Teacher's Guide as aids to studying the Catechism itself—much as Miss Luce of the Study Book does.

Both the Teacher's Guide and the Study Book contain a wealth of suggestions for pupil activities. From these teachers in the Junior Department should plan in advance for certain groups of children to undertake certain projects while other groups do others. Then as a culmination for the quarter all should pool their products for a final exhibit (as described on pages 61 and 62 of the Teacher's Guide).

Some of the suggested activities s h o u l d be done by every junior, such as "Adventures in Bible Reading." Junior Life, the S u n d a y school paper for juniors, will feature these same Bible references in the section, "This Week in Your Home Devotions." Since the home has the greatest influence of all environmental factors on a child's development, teachers should do all in their power to encourage and help the parents of their pupils to

read and discuss the Bible in their family worship. Juniors can easily develop wrong habits of Bible reading if they read references which are beyond their understanding, and if they have no opportunity to discuss them and make application to life.

The Day-by-Day Travel Record is another suggested activity for the entire quarter. This may be chosen as an individual project, a class record book, or a committee task. Perhaps the boys in the class can make one book and the girls can make another. Good references for many of the suggestions are Browne's The Graphic Bible¹ (for map work) and Vos' Child's Story Bible¹ (for retelling Bible stories).

Basic Christian Teachings<sup>1</sup> by Heinecken is the book of the Leadership Education Series most applicable for teacher's enrichment reading and study for this quarter. Every Sunday school teacher should read this book! The book's 144 easy-to-read pages give the help needed for clarity on the basic teachings of our church.

Whether one teaches in a large, modern educational building or in a small one-room church, the aims for this quarter are the same: to lead the juniors into a simple grasp of the main parts of the Catechism and the ir Biblical basis, to motivate the thorough memorization of its skeleton parts, and to cultivate Christian living as an outgrowth of

the study.

Although its contents are no subdivided into units, the quarte may be considered as being divide into the same sections as the Cate chism:

Lessons 1-5—The Ten Commandments

Lessons 6-8—The Apostle Creed

Lessons 9-11—The Lord' Prayer

Lessons 12-13—The Sacra

#### The Ten Commandments

In lessons 1-5 the Ten Con mandments are studied and learned Beginning on page 18 of the Teach er's Guide, an additional activity of making a relief map is described This would make a wonderful pre session activity for the entire Tur ior Department, for a committee of fifth or sixth graders, or for ar group. When the Ten Command ments are studied the map commi tee should place the suggested roa markers at the proper places show the importance of laws God guided the Israelites. The Teacher's Guide describes this i teresting and worth-while project

The filmstrips of the Catechis Visualized Series, The Ten Commandments,<sup>2</sup> may be reviewed I the teachers as they prepare teach the commandments to juiors. One or two of the filmstrip or parts of them, may be shown

e juniors, too—at least to the ath graders—although these aids e especially recommended for inrmediates and older persons.

The biography by McNeer and Vard, Martin Luther<sup>2</sup> (\$2.50) is interesting book to introduce for e juniors' own reading. Pupils ho read it should be given opporantly to share some of its interesting accounts with the rest.

The missionary worship service amber VII, "Helpers in God's ingdom—S o c i a l Missions," nould be conducted at the close of sson 4 when neighborliness is udied.

#### The Apostles' Creed

The Apostles' Creed is studied and memorized in lessons 6-8. One interesting and simple unit project or a group is the triptych described in page 42 of the Teacher's Guide. The completed product makes an appropriate worship center picture or this and the following units. Perhaps each pupil could make a smaller triptych to take home and et up for the family worship center.

Filmstrips<sup>2</sup> of the Apostles' Creed Visualized series are valuble resources for teacher's own tudy. The colored filmstrip, Creation, also may be shown to the chilten with lesson 6.

Missionary worship service numer VIII,3 "Led by the SpiritNegro Missions," may be presented for the entire department at the close of lesson 8, "The Holy Spirit and His Work."

Lesson 8 also introduces Pentecost Sunday, which will be observed on the following Sunday, May 29. Teachers should help the children prepare for and appreciate this important date in the church year.

#### The Lord's Prayer

Lessons 9-11 present a study of The Lord's Prayer. Again, Catechism Visualized provides wonderful resources in the filmstrips<sup>2</sup> on Christian Prayer and The Lord's Prayer. Christian Prayer very profitably could be shown to the entire Junior Department on one of these Sundays.

On page 58 of the Study Book there is a suggestion that the juniors make individual booklets of prayers. This is a good project for the entire unit. The juniors may write prayers inspired by the various petitions studied.

The \$1.25 book by Bill and Bernard Martin, Teach Me to Pray, is an excellent book for younger juniors to have in their own homes. There should be a copy in your church school library. Then it can be recommended to parents of primary and junior children. Families can read it together at family devotions.

#### The Sacraments

Filmstrips<sup>2</sup> on Baptism and The Lord's Supper are available to help the teacher prepare for the two lessons concerning the Sacraments. Certainly all teachers want their pupils to gratefully appreciate God's gifts which they received in Baptism, and to look forward in joyful anticipation to the time when they will share in the Lord's Supper.

The study of Christian Baptism leads naturally into an appreciation of the all-inclusive outreach of God's love. Therefore lesson 12 is the opportune time for the missionary worship, "God's Family

Around the World."

On these Sundays plans should be made and carried out for a culmination of the quarter's work. Helps for planning an exhibit are given with lessons 12 and 13 of the Teacher's Guide. Parents should be invited to this exhibit. Have it either on the last Sunday of the quarter or at a special meeting.

#### For Advanced Juniors

For advanced juniors, parts of Nordgren's *The Catechism in Life* Today<sup>1</sup> and Joelsson's A Boy Meets Luther<sup>1</sup> may be given as special assignments. Nordgren's worktext is used in many confirmation classes. It makes application to life of the teaching in the Catechism. A Boy Meets Luther is an American translation of a Swedislbook. In it a boy tells how his father taught him the Small Catechism. Included are many delight ful stories illustrating parts of the Catechism. Both books should be read by teachers before assigning any portions to the juniors.

Through this quarter's study each junior should have gained satisfactory understanding of the main parts of the Catechism and their Biblical bases. Each pupe should have memorized the skeleton parts of the Catechism. An each junior should have made for ward strides in Christian growt as expressed in Christian living!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Missionary correlation packet, Chritian Growth Through Sharing, Juni II, available for 65c from Women Missionary Society, 3939 Pine Grow Avenue, Chicago 13, Illinois.



Available for purchase from Augu tana Book Concern, Rock Island, Ill nois.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available for purchase from Audie Visual Service, 2445 Park Avenu Minneapolis 4, Minnesota, or Augu tana Book Concern, Rock Island, Ill nois.

## unior Is One of the Gang

By HILVIE MAE OLSON

iors in the church school is to sist the 9, 10, and 11-year-olds, they grow toward maturity, to ithfully keep the gifts of grace hich they received in baptism. In act, the desired outcomes of the tire Christian education proam is that all may sense a Felwship with God in order to permally accept and understand the hristian Faith and express it in thristian Living.

#### **Highest Ideal**

These fourth, fifth, and sixth raders in school are an active, ager, and alert group of children. While they are not growing rapid-physically, they are quickly approaching maturity in motor skills and reading efficiency. In fact, agey can do many things as well an adult, but their attention can is only half as long.

To a junior, as well as an inremediate, the highest ideal is hysical courage. That's why Junior's" hero is usually a person f physical prowess and courage feetimes one who has succeeded spite of handicaps. Since the mior is at the stage where he becomes very conscious of his own imperfection and commonly expresses feelings of inferiority, this hero worship can do much to help the child respond favorably to failure—as the hero did—and gain more confidence in himself.

Although the junior's hero has a tremendous influence on his character development, we must not overlook the peer-group influence. What the other members of his own gang say and do becomes more important than what the parents or teachers say. Likewise, what "Junior" says and does makes a great impression on the other members of his social group. Therefore, rather than expecting the junior to obey us blindly, we teachers and parents must provide ample resources and guidance so that the child may make more and more of his own decisions.

#### The Challenge

This presents one of the great challenges of our church school. We must help the child know that Christ can guide him in his decisions of life today. We must help him learn and practice Christ's rules for living. A Christian junior can influence his gang to refrain from harmful play. In fact, many Christian juniors have led their gangs into constructive rather than destructive practices.

To guide the juniors during these important years of their development, the church school teacher must study the needs and interests of the pupils, the resources and tools available, and then plan units of study to employ these resources to meet the needs of the children in their environment.

#### Some Helps

Excellent help for understanding children and learning how to work with them effectively is given in these and other booklets available from Augustana Book Concern: Alexander, "Methods for Workers with Juniors," (40 cents), and Haker, "Understanding Our Pupils," (65 cents).

For nurturing the child's Christian growth, the Bible is our basic source. As Nolde and Kaufmann wrote in the booklet, "The BIBLE AND ITS USE," "The Bible is God's instrument which he has used to make himself known to men, and through which he has effected, and is effecting, the spiritual transformation of human life. The Bible itself claims to be the record of God's revelation and

the means whereby God moves men to a saving faith and a godly life." We, as teachers of juniors need to help the children grow in the use of the Bible so that it may be a means whereby God moves them "to a saving faith and a godly life."

The curriculum of the Christian Growth Series is at excellent resource for teachin the Bible to children so that it is meaningful to them at each stage of their development. It also employs other Christian resource such as the catechism, church his tory, and present day church resources.

#### Bible and Catechism

The three-year-cycle of the Christian Growth Series for the Junior Department includes the entire Old and New Testaments, together with a briestudy of our church history and our present church fellowship Along with it portions of Luther Catechism are taught as they hel accomplish the lesson aims. On quarter of the series is devoted to the study of this book which Man tin Luther wrote to help people understand the basic Christia teachings of the Bible.

It is important that the teache understand the complete Junio cycle of the Christian Growt Series to use any one quart fectively. Descriptive folders of e complete series, "Christian rowth Series at a Glance," are ailable for the asking at Auustana Book Concern, Rock Isnd, Illinois.

Besides the Teacher's Guides, udy Books, Bibles, and Cate-isms, the leader of juniors will ed maps, a Bible atlas, a Bible ctionary, Bible story books, pictres and filmstrips.

#### **Planning**

But these tools don't do the eaching. Each teacher must do er own planning to accomplish efinite aims with the children she aches. Much of this planning in be done together with the cher teachers of juniors at the egular Church School Teachers leetings. For detailed planning, owever, each teacher must conder the particular needs of each upil in her class and his or her bilities and interests.

For each worker, a study of the ible basis for the quarter, the nit, and the lesson, is an important first step in preparation. From the basic truths of that portion of cripture, an aim is developed to uide further preparation. The immust not only be to teach the content of that text, but to help the child apply its truth to his own e e d s and experiences. The

Teachers Guide includes some explanation of the Biblical basis and an outline of the aims, but each teacher needs to make a more complete study and adapt the aims to her particular situation.

#### Books

Books of the Teacher Training and Leadership Courses listed on pages 184 and 185 of the 1953-54 Augustana Book Concern catalogue are superb resources for this background study. Books of special value are Nolde and Kaufmann, The Bible and Its Use; Cooper, The Story of the Old Testament; Hiltner, The Story of the New Testament; Alleman, The Old Testament—A Study, and The New Testament—A Study, and Heinecken, Basic Christian Teachings.

With the lesson aims clearly defined, the teacher plans her lesson. She studies the Teacher's Guide and Study Book to see what is suggested for the pre-session and for the exposure to the main Bible study. She notes the plan for repeating and discussing the lesson to make sure the children understand it before any memory work is assigned or application is attempted. After studying the plan carefully the teacher revises it to suit her own situation. If there is too much material for one session some of it will be selected for presentation in classtime. Other parts of it may be selected for group or individual assignments, and parts of it may be omitted entirely. Sometimes other methods should be substituted entirely to accomplish the aim with the particular group.

#### Differences

Provision should be made for individual differences among the children. In every class, no matter how closely graded, there are some children who can read much more easily than others, while others are more gifted in singing or drawing or writing or acting. Some have definite traits of leadership. Some want attention—by any means!

Each child has some weakness which can be the basis of a feeling of fear and inferiority, but also some strength which can become the basis for a sense of confidence and achievement. This inferiority feeling may be expressed in various ways—by regression or aggression. Attracting attention by loud talking, boasting, rough play, unco-operativeness, and other "mis-behaviors" are all symptoms of such inner feelings of insecurity. So are shyness and withdrawal from the group.

Teachers can help each child gain a feeling of self-confidence from the things that he can do. One of the best ways is by giving individual assignments and by selecting helpers for classroom duties. Each child should have a chance to do something important—as he is maturing as the person God wants him to be.

#### Committees

Another way is by dividing the class into committees which will work on specific projects throughout a unit. For example, within one class there may be a map committee, a picture-story-book committee, a bulletin board committee, and a worship committee. Each committee has its chairman and each child will be a member of one group. The teacher acts as guide and resource person to all.

Sufficient classtime will be spent early in the unit to organize the committees and commence work on the project, but thereafter much of the work will be done during pre-sessions and between sessions At the completion of the unit, each committee will report on and dis play its completed project. The worship committee will share it work as it leads the closing wor ship of the unit. This worship may have a special missionary em phasis and the offering may go for missions. (The material produced by the Women's Missionary So ciety, 3939 Pine Grove Avenue Chicago 13, Illinois, for correla tion with the Sunday school ma rial, is "just the thing" to guide is worship planning.)

#### Own Situation

As the teacher plans each unit, e must consider her own teacher situation and make the best e of the time and resources available. Some things must be planned accord with the other junior asses, or with children in other partments. Nearly every church hool has a different schedule, but t's consider a typical one.

Trinity Sunday School meets om 9:45 to 10:45 a.m. 9:45 to 155 is song time for all the junces. Other than that, each class "on its own." Here's how one eacher of juniors plans her day's son to fit this schedule.

Miss Smith arrives at the classom at 9:15 and begins arranging er materials for the class session. rupils begin arriving somewhat ter, and they go right to work n their ongoing committee projts. Or they may follow the acher's suggestions for other pression activities which lead into e day's lesson. From 9:45 to 55 all the juniors sing songs ev've recently learned and songs at contribute to the unit's study. sually there is one theme song or a unit, preferably a relatively new song." It will become the nief song for the worship, too.

#### Conference

After song time the juniors go to their own classrooms. There the teacher and the pupils have a conference. Reporters may tell of the progress in their committee activities, or they may bring up problems confronting them. Then the teacher guides the discussion into the new Bible study (using her plan suggested by lesson materials) and from it helps plan further work by the committees. Then there comes a brief devotional service when a portion of the day's Bible text is elevated to the position of worship. The memory work usually is an appropriate selection. Now, after it has been studied and is understood, it truly becomes God's Word for the individuals in the class, and they respond to it through their prayers of thanks and petition, the offering, and the singing or reading of a suitable hymn or poem. A Bible picture of the day's theme may become a center of attention during the worship. On the last Sunday of the unit, the worship, led by the worship committee, may be longer and may be shared with other classes.

The importance of church school behooves us to provide the best possible equipment. Kramer's booklet, "EQUIPMENT AND ARRANGEMENT," available for

20 cents from the Board of Parish Education, describes what is needed in each department.

Really, the teacher who is prepared has fun as he or she works with juniors. The children are so eager and so sincere! They are be coming grown up in so many ways! It's a joy to see them de veloping Christian personalities What a privilege, and a challenge is ours—we who work with them

As one grows older one is more impatient with subterfuges and shams generally, and increasingly desirous that the "last run" at least should be free from them. The world is apparently so confused that the least one can do for it is to keep one's mental integrity and to hold honestly to such poor wisdom as one has been able to garner on the way.

-TANE ADDAMS